# The Fetamont Package

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## 1 Introduction

The logo font, known from logos like METAFONT or METAPOST, has been very limited in its collection of glyphs. The new typeface *Fetamont* extends the logo typeface in two ways:

- Fetamont consists of 256+ glyphs, such that the T1 (a.k.a. EC, a.k.a. Cork) encoding table is complete now.
- Fetamont has additional faces like "light ultracondensed" or "script".

The fetamont package provides  $\mathbb{IAT}_{EX}$  support for the Fetamont typeface. Both the package and the typeface are distributed on CTAN under the terms of the  $\mathbb{IAT}_{EX}$  Project Public License (LPPL).

This document describes the  $LAT_EX$  support for the Fetamont typeface. The design and the constructions of the typeface itself are described in [Romer17].

The OpenType versions of the script faces support the Randomize feature, which can be used with LuaT<sub>E</sub>X. It is *not* possible to use this feature with the package described here.

### 2 Usage

The package is loaded by \usepackage{fetamont}. There are no options provided yet for the fetamont package.

If you use the fetamont package as a replacement for the mflogo package you will probably only need the control sequences MF, MP and MT which produce the well known logos METAFONT, METAPOST and METATYPE1.

When you need other words written in the Fetamont typeface, you may use \textffm and \textffmw. E. g. \textffm{My Logo} will produce MY LOGO and \textffmw{Script} will produce SCRIPT.

To gain access to all faces of Fetamont you may sometimes additionally need \ffmfamily or \ffmvfamily (see subsection 3.6).

### **3** The many faces of Fetamont

### 3.1 Bold and heavy faces

The bold face of the original logo font family clearly fits better with *Computer Modern Sans Bold*, whereas the demibold face is the better choice for a combination with *Computer Modern Extended Bold*:



Ulrik Vieth has already mentioned this unsatisfactory situation in [Vieth99]. He has assumed that *Computer Modern Roman* will be used in boldface series much more frequently than *Computer Modern Sans Serif.* So he assigned the demibold faces to the bold series in his mflogo package (see [Vieth99]).

In order to be compatible to Ulrik Vieths assignment I have chosen the following naming scheme for weights:

original name	Fetamont name	$\operatorname{symbol}$
-	light	1
medium	medium	r
demibold	bold	b
bold	heavy	h

#### 3.2 Script faces

The "crazy shapes" by D. E. Knuth show impressively the randomization power of METAFONT. The Fetamont typeface has also the ability to use randomized paths. The results are the Fetamont script faces. They are drawn by a rotated ellipse pen to make it look more handwritten. The script faces may be used for comics or childish texts:

### 3.3 Condensed Faces

The titles in Knuth's books use a variant of the logo typeface that matches *Computer Modern Sans Serif Demibold Condensed* 40. So I decided to add this variant as *Fetamont Bold Condensed* 40 and let also a light and medium variant benefit from the condensation.

# LIGHT CONDENSED 10 MEDIUM CONDENSED 10 BOLDCONDENSED 40

### 3.4 Ultracondensed Face

The credits written on movie posters are often typeset in an ultracondensed face. Also fetamont provides such a face:

LIGHT ULTRACONDENSED 10

### 3.5 Naming Scheme For The Fetamont Faces

The file name of every face begins with the prefix ffm, which stands for «free typeface fetamont». The suffixes normally contain a symbol for the weight: 1 for light, r for regular, b for bold and h for heavy. The number at the end stands for the optical size (e. g. 10 pt). Depending on the face, the suffix is made of additional symbols:

Upright			Oblique				
	r8	b8	h8		08	bo8	ho8
	r9	b9	h9		o9	bo9	ho9
110	r10	b10	h10	lo10	o10	bo10	ho10
Condensed Upright			Condensed Oblique				
lc10	c10			lco10	co10		
		bc40				bco40	
Ultracondensed Upright		Ult	raconde	nsed Obl	ique		
lq10				lqo10			
Script Upright			Script Oblique				
lw10	w10	bw10	hw10	lwo10	wo10	bwo10	hwo10

### 3.6 NFSS–Access To All Faces

The following tabular shows the NFSS–access for every Fetamont face.

MF-name	low level access	sample
ffml10	\ffmfamily\fontseries{1} \selectfont	Gauß
ffmr10, ffmr9, ffmr8	\ffmfamily\fontseries{m} \selectfont	GAUB GAUB GAUB
ffmb10, ffmb9, ffmb8	\ffmfamily\fontseries{b} \selectfont	GAUB GAUB GAUB
ffmh10, ffmh9, ffmh8	\ffmfamily\fontseries{eb} \selectfont	GAUB GAUB GAUB
ffmlo10	\ffmfamily\fontseries{l} \slshape	Gaub
ffmo10, ffmo9, ffmo8	\ffmfamily\fontseries{m} \slshape	GAUB GAUB GAUB
ffmbo10, ffmbo9, ffmbo8	\ffmfamily\fontseries{b} \slshape	GAUB GAUB GAUB
ffmho10, ffmho9, ffmho8	\ffmfamily\fontseries{eb} \slshape	GAUB GAUB GAUB
ffmlc10	\ffmfamily\fontseries{lc} \selectfont	Gaus
ffmc10	\ffmfamily\fontseries{c} \selectfont	Gaub
ffmbc40	\ffmfamily\fontseries{bc} \selectfont	Gaub
ffmlco10	\ffmfamily\fontseries{lc} \slshape	Gaub
ffmco10	\ffmfamily\fontseries{c} \slshape	Gaub
ffmbco40	\ffmfamily\fontseries{bc} \slshape	Gaub
ffmlq10	\ffmfamily\fontseries{lec} \selectfont	Gaub
ffmlqo10	\ffmfamily\fontseries{lec} \slshape	Gaub
ffmlw10	\ffmwfamily\fontseries{1} \selectfont	Gaub
ffmw10	\ffmwfamily\fontseries{m} \selectfont	GAUB
ffmbw10	\ffmwfamily\fontseries{b} \selectfont	GAUB
ffmhw10	\ffmwfamily\fontseries{eb} \selectfont	GAUB
ffmlwo10	\ffmwfamily\fontseries{1} \slshape	Gaub
ffmwo10	\ffmwfamily\fontseries{m} \slshape	GAUB
ffmbwo10	\ffmwfamily\fontseries{b} \slshape	Gaub
ffmhwo10	$ffmwfamily\fontseries{eb} \slshape$	Gaub

## 4 Package Implementation

### 4.1 The font definition files

As the T1 encoding is used for the free typeface fetamont, the font definition file is named T1ffm.fd. This is the default font family of Fetamont. Additionally, there is also a script font family (T1ffmw.fd).

The italic faces are always silently substituted by oblique faces.

 $\langle *T1ffm \rangle$ \DeclareFontFamily{T1}{ffm}}

Light faces:

```
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{1}{n}{<-> ffml10}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{1}{s1}{<-> ffml010}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{1}{it}{<-> ssub * ffm/1/s1}{}
```

Regular/medium faces (three different optical sizes):

\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{m}{n}{
 <-8> ffmr8
 <9> ffmr9

```
<10-> ffmr10

}{}

\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{m}{sl}{

    <-8> ffmo8

    <9> ffmo9

    <10-> ffmo10

}{}

\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{m}{it}{

    <-> ssub * ffm/m/sl

}{}
```

Bold faces (three different optical sizes, bold extended faces are silently sub-stituted):

```
DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{b}{n}{
  <-8> ffmb8
  <9> ffmb9
  <10-> ffmb10
}{}
DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{b}{s1}{
 <-8> ffmbo8
  <9> ffmbo9
  <10-> ffmbo10
}{}
\label{eq:lareFontShape{T1}{ffm}b}{it}{}
  <-> ssub * ffm/b/sl
}{}
DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{bx}{n}{
  <-> ssub * ffm/b/n
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{bx}{sl}{
 <-> ssub * ffm/b/sl
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{bx}{it}{
  <-> ssub * ffm/b/sl
}{}
```

Heavy/extra bold faces (three different optical sizes):

```
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{eb}{n}{
    <-8> ffmh8
    <9> ffmh9
    <10-> ffmh10
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{eb}{sl}{
    <-8> ffmho8
    <9> ffmho9
    <10-> ffmho10
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{eb}{it}{
    <-> ssub * ffm/h/sl
}{}
```

Light condensed faces:

```
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{lc}{n}{<-> ffmlc10}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{lc}{s1}{<-> ffmlc010}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{lc}{it}{<-> ssub * ffm/lc/s1}{}
```

Condensed faces:

```
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{c}{n}{<-> ffmc10}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{c}{s1}{<-> ffmc010}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{c}{it}{<-> ssub * ffm/c/s1}{}
```

Bold condensed faces:

```
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{bc}{n}{<-> ffmbc40}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{bc}{s1}{<-> ffmbco40}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffm}{bc}{it}{<-> ssub * ffm/bc/s1}{}
```

Light ultra condensed faces:

The script faces need an own family for a proper NFSS-access:

```
\label{eq:stars} $$ $$ T1ffmw \\ DeclareFontFamily{T1}{ffmw}} $$
```

Light faces:

```
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{l}{n}{<-> ffmlw10}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{l}{s1}{<-> ffmlw010}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{l}{i}{<-> ssub * ffmw/l/s1}{}
```

Medium/regular faces:

```
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{m}{n}{
 <-> ffmw10
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{m}{sl}{
 <-> ffmwo10
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{m}{it}{
 <-> ssub * ffmw/m/sl
}{}
```

Bold faces (bold extended faces are silently substituted):

```
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{b}{n}{
    <-> ffmbw10
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{b}{sl}{
    <-> ffmbw010
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{b}{it}{
    <-> ssub * ffmw/b/sl
```

```
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{bx}{n}{
  <-> ssub * ffmw/b/n
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{bx}{s1}{
  <-> ssub * ffmw/b/sl
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{bx}{it}{
  <-> ssub * ffmw/b/sl
}{}
Heavy/extra bold faces (three different optical sizes):
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{eb}{n}{
  <-> ffmhw10
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{eb}{s1}{
  <-> ffmhwo10
}{}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{ffmw}{eb}{it}{
  <-> ssub * ffmw/h/sl
}{}
\langle /T1 ffmw \rangle
```

#### 4.2 The style file: fetamont.sty

The following macros are adapted from the mflogo package by [Vieth99].

```
\ffmfamily This is the declarative font changing command for the "normal" font family.
                (*package)
                \DeclareRobustCommand\ffmfamily{%
                 \not@math@alphabet\ffmfamily\relax
                 \fontencoding{T1}\fontfamily{ffm}\selectfont}
\ffmwfamily This is the declarative font changing command for the script font family.
                \DeclareRobustCommand\ffmwfamily{%
                 \not@math@alphabet\ffmwfamily\relax
                 \fontencoding{T1}\fontfamily{ffmw}\selectfont}
   \textffm This is basically the same as \ffmfamily but takes one argument.
                \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textffm}{\ffmfamily}
  \textffmw
             This is basically the same as \ffmwfamily but takes one argument.
                \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textffmw}{\ffmwfamily}
            These are the definitions of the METAFONT, METAPOST and METATYPE1 logos.
        \MF
        MP
                \def\MF{\textffm{META}\@dischyph\textffm{FONT}\@}
        \MT
                \def\MP{\textffm{META}\@dischyph\textffm{POST}\@}
                \def\MT{\textffm{META}\@dischyph\textffm{TYPE1}\@}
                (/package)
```

# Change History

1.0	some digits, added additional
General: initial version 1	kernings, mainly between
1.1	letters and numbers; changed
General: changed the filename	the shape of the tilde slightly;
ffmchar_ij.mf to	updated the documentations $\dots$ 1
$ffmchar_ijlower.mf$ 1	1.6
1.2	General: removed a bug which
General: refined the paths and the	made the depth of chained
outline production slightly;	lowercase letters too large
solved the BlueValues zones	(wrong depth of letter ij) and
overlap problem; separated the	took the wrong italic correction
map file from the dtx file;	of chained letters, updated the
added a list of files to the	documentations
README; improved the	1.7
documentations 1	General: added Greek, changed to
1.3	Unicode (the sources now have
General: refined the paths again	to be compiled with
slightly; added a randomize	METAPOST with the
feature to the OpenType	mf2outline base or with
versions of the script faces;	mf2outline.py), some kerning
improved the typeface	pairs have been removed and
documentation	many others have been added,
1.4	adjusted the OpenType font
General: reduced the number of	information, updated the
files drastically, this has	documentations 1
changed the shape of letters	2017/04/07
like IJ in the script faces;	General: corrected two accented
improved the English of the	Greek glyphs, removed version
typeface documentation; added	numbers, future versions will
a compiled version of the	be given in dates 1
package documentation 1	2017/04/15
1.5	General: added the sources of
General: changed the shapes of	fetamont-tyepface.pdf 1

## References

[Romer17] Linus Romer. The Fetamont Typeface. 2017

[Vieth99] Ulrik Vieth. The mflogo package.mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/ contrib/mflogo/mflogo.pdf, 1999